## Massachusetts Cultural Resource Information System

## **Scanned Record Cover Page**

Inventory No: CON.99

Historic Name: Smith, William Lincoln House

**Common Name:** 

Address: 38 Academy Ln

City/Town: Concord

Village/Neighborhood: Concord Center

Local No: G9-766 Year Constructed: 1903

Architect(s):

Architectural Style(s): Colonial Revival

**Use(s):** Single Family Dwelling House

Significance: Architecture

Area(s):

Designation(s):

Roof: Asphalt Shingle

Building Materials(s): Wall: Wood; Wood Clapboard

Foundation: Stone, Uncut



The Massachusetts Historical Commission (MHC) has converted this paper record to digital format as part of ongoing projects to scan records of the Inventory of Historic Assets of the Commonwealth and National Register of Historic Places nominations for Massachusetts. Efforts are ongoing and not all inventory or National Register records related to this resource may be available in digital format at this time.

The MACRIS database and scanned files are highly dynamic; new information is added daily and both database records and related scanned files may be updated as new information is incorporated into MHC files. Users should note that there may be a considerable lag time between the receipt of new or updated records by MHC and the appearance of related information in MACRIS. Users should also note that not all source materials for the MACRIS database are made available as scanned images. Users may consult the records, files and maps available in MHC's public research area at its offices at the State Archives Building, 220 Morrissey Boulevard, Boston, open M-F, 9-5.

Users of this digital material acknowledge that they have read and understood the MACRIS Information and Disclaimer (http://mhc-macris.net/macrisdisclaimer.htm)

Data available via the MACRIS web interface, and associated scanned files are for information purposes only. THE ACT OF CHECKING THIS DATABASE AND ASSOCIATED SCANNED FILES DOES NOT SUBSTITUTE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LOCAL, STATE OR FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS. IF YOU ARE REPRESENTING A DEVELOPER AND/OR A PROPOSED PROJECT THAT WILL REQUIRE A PERMIT, LICENSE OR FUNDING FROM ANY STATE OR FEDERAL AGENCY YOU MUST SUBMIT A PROJECT NOTIFICATION FORM TO MHC FOR MHC'S REVIEW AND COMMENT. You can obtain a copy of a PNF through the MHC web site (www.sec.state.ma.us/mhc) under the subject heading "MHC Forms."

Commonwealth of Massachusetts
Massachusetts Historical Commission
220 Morrissey Boulevard, Boston, Massachusetts 02125
www.sec.state.ma.us/mhc

This file was accessed on: Monday, July 30, 2018 at 10:08 AM

USGS Quad

Area(s)

Form Number

Massachusetts Historical Commission 766

CONCORD

99

80 Boylston Street Boston, Massachusetts 02116

F		SEIT!	3
Γown	CONCORD		

(neighborhood or village) \_\_\_\_\_

Concord Center ss (arch 1991 38 Academy Lane

ric Name William L. Smith House

Present <u>dwelling</u>

Original \_\_\_\_\_dwelling of Construction

owners; 1903 Sanborn map

/Form Colonial Revival

Exterior Material:

Foundation \_\_\_\_\_ rubble #38 and wood clapboard Wall/Trim\_\_\_\_

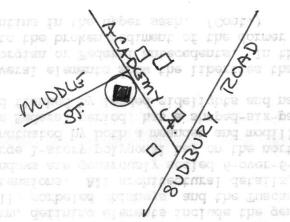
Roof \_\_\_\_\_asphalt shingle

Outbuildings/Secondary Structures \_\_\_\_\_none

Sketch Map rane behand their father's house at

Draw a map of the area indicating properties within it. Number each property for which individual inventory forms have been completed. Label streets including route numbers, if any. Attach a separate sheet if space is not sufficient here. Indicate North.

35 were purchased by Benjamin Farnham Smith



Recorded by A. Forbes research by Sherry Warner Organization for Concord Historical Comm.

Date (month/day/year) May, 1991

Major Alterations (with dates) fire escape on southeast side added; rear wing removed after 1927.

> or topped by a leaded elliptical familight Condition \_\_\_\_

Moved ₺ no □ yes Date N/A are typical of the high Colonial Revival

Acreage less than one acre

Setting Placed diagonally on picket-fenced corner lot in neigh-

borhood of 17th-19th-C. houses.

CON.99

ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION A see continuation sheet

Describe architectural features. Evaluate the characteristics of this building in terms of other buildings within the community.

This house is probably Concord center's best example of early twentieth century Colonial Revival house architecture east of Main Street. It is a large two-story, hip-roofed five- by three-bay clapboard structure on a rubble foundation. Aside from its general form, defining elements include the generously dormered roof, with "widow's walk" and tall, corbeled chimneys, and the Tuscan facade porch with balcony above and terrace extensions. All architectural details, too, are typical of the high Colonial Revival. Windows are generously scaled 6-over-6-sash with molded surrounds, including those at a large 1-story polygonal bay on the northwest side. The complex molded cornice is punctuated by both a meander and modillion course, and the main entry, harking back to the Federal period, has a shaped-six-panel door topped by a leaded elliptical fanlight, and flanked by leaded sidelights and narrow, recessed-paneled pilasters.

Several elements show the liberties that the Colonial Revival often took with its Georgian or Federal antecedents. In the dormers, the 6-over-6 window design extends up into the broken pediment of the dormer roof; the window here is arched, with curved muntins in the upper sash. (Cont.)

HISTORICAL NARRATIVE  $\Box$  see continuation sheet Discuss the history of the building. Explain its associations with local (or state) history. Include uses of the building, and the role(s) the owners/occupants played within the community.

This house is significant for its connection with the prominent Smith family of Concord center. Of the sons of Henry Francis Smith, (partner with Edward Damon in Damon & Smith, owners of the Damon Mill at Westvale from 1864 through 1876,) two settled on Academy Lane behind their father's house at #169 Main Street (see Form # 1979.) #29 and 35 were purchased by Benjamin Farnham Smith in 1909, and the property for this house by his brother William Lincoln Smith. In 1902-03 he bought the back part of the lot of #84 Sudbury Road, from which two barns were removed to the vicinity of Thoreau Court to be made into houses. In their place he constructed the present house.

William Smith was an electrical engineer and chairman of the Electrical Engineering Department at Northeastern University in Boston. He also served his town as inspector of wiring. He and his family lived here until the middle of this century.

BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES 

see continuation sheet

Maps, plans and atlases: 1906; Sanborns from 1903. Interviews with owners and Eric Smith, Academy Lane, March, 1991.

Recommended for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. If checked, you must attach a completed National Register Criteria Statement form.

CON.99

INVENTORY FORM CONTINUATION SHEET

Community

Property

CONCORD

W.L. Smith House

Massachusetts Historical Commission 80 Boylston Street Boston, Massachusetts 02116 Area(s)

99

Form No.

ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE, cont.

The wide pilasters at the house corners are an elaborate concoction, their capital design is a combination of Ionic volutes and acanthus leaves topped by a circular medallion; an additional applied foliate detail extends upward from their bases. The two high, massive corbeled chimneys, breaking tradition with their ancestors, are asymmetrically placed, one even taking the place of a dormer on the southeast side.

Massachusetts Historical Commission 80 Boylston Street Boston, Massachusetts 02116

Community

38 Academy Faneddress

Area(s) FormNo.

## National Register of Historic Places Criteria Statement Form

Recommended:

Individually District Contributing to a Potential Historic District

Criteria:

A B C D

Anne McCarthy Forbes

Statement of Significance by

For its association with the turn-of-the-century portion of a 17th-through early-20th-century residential town center neighborhood, and as an outstanding example of well-preserved Colonial Revival architecture, #38 Academy Lane meets

Criteria A and C as part of a National Register district.

The criteria that are checked in the above sections must be justified here.