Massachusetts Cultural Resource Information System

Scanned Record Cover Page

Inventory No: CON.37

Historic Name: Jones, Elnathan - Prichard, Moses House

Common Name: Concord Academy Dormitory - Bradford House

Address: 140 Main St

City/Town: Concord

Village/Neighborhood: Concord Center

Local No: G9-1706 Year Constructed: c 1780

Architect(s):

Architectural Style(s): Federal; Georgian

Use(s):

Boarding House; Dormitory; General Retail Store; Single

Family Dwelling House

Significance: Architecture; Commerce

Area(s): CON.DU: Main Street Historic District

Designation(s): Local Historic District (03/12/1962)

Roof: Asphalt Shingle

Building Materials(s): Wall: Wood; Wood Clapboard

Foundation: Stone, Uncut



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Commonwealth of Massachusetts
Massachusetts Historical Commission
220 Morrissey Boulevard, Boston, Massachusetts 02125
www.sec.state.ma.us/mhc

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FORM B - BUILDING

Assessor's number

USGS Quad

Town

Area(s)

CONCORD

Concord Center

140 Main Street

CON. 37 LHD - 3/12/62

Form Number

Massachusetts Historical Commission 80 Boylston Street

G9-1706

CONCORD

Boston, Massachusetts 02116

Place (neighborhood or village)

Sketch Wab " Jones, who marking Mary Minot Elhathan Jones, Sr. Draw a map of the area indicating properties within it. Number each property for which individual inventory forms have been completed. Label streets including route numbers, if any. Attach a separate sheet if space is not sufficient here. Indicate North.

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years of the Federal period. It is a two-st Recorded by research by Sally Dallas Setting and Greek Revival residences on for Concord Hist. Commission north side of Main St. School buildings Organization _ June, 1992

Date (month/day/year)

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MC NAME OF THE PARTY.			
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to rear; dowel-picket fence with wooden

posts across front.

ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION See continuation sheet

Describe architectural features. Evaluate the characteristics of this building in terms of other buildings within the community.

In contrast to the high Federal-style features of slightly later houses in the vicinity, #140 Main Street is one of Concord's most intact illustrations of the continuation of much of the simple, heavy vernacular Georgian idiom into the early years of the Federal period. It is a two-story, five- by three-bay house, the shallow pitch of its hipped roof heralding the flatter roofs of the coming decades. One large chimney, remaining from a symmetrical pair, rises from the east slope of the roof. The center section of the roof is ringed with a wooden balustrade, and paired pitch-roofed, pedimented dormers break the east and west slopes.

The main house has 6-over-6-sash windows with projecting enframements; those at first story level have heavily-molded crowns. Corner quoining and a dentilated, molded cornice continue some of the high-style touches of the Georgian period, as does the 8-panel door, with glass in the top two panels. Sheltering the entry is a later Greek Revival pedimented porch on fluted Doric columns and pilasters, with triglyphs in the frieze. The Doric mode is repeated in the Tuscan Doric columns of a former open porch at the northwest rear corner, which was probably added in about 1903. (Cont.)

HISTORICAL NARRATIVE \(\subseteq \) see continuation sheet

Discuss the history of the building. Explain its associations with local (or state) history. Include uses of the building, and the role(s) the owners/occupants played within the community.

The oldest house in the vicinity, #140 Main Street was built ca. 1780 by Elnathan Jones (1737-1793.) It stands on what was the original 1635 house lot of William Buss, who married the widow Dorcas Jones, Elnathan's great-great-grandmother. Elnathan Jones, who married Mary Minot in 1776, inherited a large amount of land from his father, Elnathan Jones, Sr., and had apparently accumulated considerable wealth as a merchant and businessman by the time he built this house in ca. 1780. He also had a store here, which was attached to the house, but later moved to the town house site on Monument Square. (It later became part of the house at #15 Monument Street.) He served as town Treasurer from 1786 to 1791.

Mary Jones survived her husband by many years. In 1804 Jonathan Wheelock, who had opened a tavern of the former Jones property just to the east, (see #122 Main Street,) leased the house from the widow Jones, and operated a boarding house here, apparently as an extension of his tavern/hotel business. Among the occupants were Col. Isaac Hurd, Jr., proprietor of the "green store" on Monument Square. He came here to live in 1817, staying until his death in 1828; he apparently rented his quarters, but it is possible that he actually owned the house for several years. (Cont.)

BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES \(\times \) see continuation sheet

Maps, atlases: 1830, 1852, 1856, ca. 1871, 1875, 1889, 1893, 1906. Sanborns from 1903.

Keyes/Tolman.

Wheeler House File #M4.

. Concord, Climate for Freedom.

Town directories and tax files.

Richardson, Concord Chronicle. (cont.)

Recommended for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. If checked, you must attach a completed National Register Criteria Statement form.

INVENTORY FORM CONTINUATION SHEET

Community

Property

CONCORD

Jones/Prichard

House

Massachusetts Historical Commission 80 Boylston Street Boston, Massachusetts 02116 Area(s) Form No.

37

ARCHTECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE, cont.

Extending east from the northeast rear corner of the main house is a 1 1/2-story hip-roofed wing. Shown on maps as early as 1852, the molded window surrounds of the wing indicate it was probably built or remodeled in the 1830's-'40's. It has a recessed corner entry, and a pair of through-cornice, pedimented dormers on the facade. Behind the wing, facing east, is a nineteenth-century cupolaed carriage house.

HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE, cont.

When Court was in session, the house was filled, as was Wheelock's inn and tavern, with members of the Massachusetts bar, whom he entertained in grand fashion with old Madeira wine. Although the house and tavern were usually full to overflowing, apparently Wheelock was unable to take in enough in rent to cover his lavish expenses, and he failed in business and moved to Lexington in 1821.

The building was subsequently bought by Moses Prichard, (1789-1865), who as a youth and young clerk had both worked for and boarded with Col. Hurd at his former residence. In about 1811 he had struck out in business for himself, going into partnership with Samuel Burr in the trading firm of Burr & Prichard. It was at about that time that he first came to board here with Jonathan Wheelock. Other boarders in those early years included Samuel Hoar, Nathan Brooks and John Keyes, and Jonathan Barrett.

In 1814 Mr. Prichard married Jane Hallett, and the young couple boarded at various other locations for several years. In 1829, they purchased this house. They had six children; one daughter, Elizabeth, married Edward Hoar. Mr. Prichard's business later failed, and he was appointed a Deputy Sheriff of Middlesex County, which office he held until almost the end of his life. Mrs. Prichard died in 1860, and he lived here with his unmarried daughters Amelia and Frances.

The Prichards were well known in town for the garden they planted here, which frequently supplied flowers for the church. Moses Prichard died in 1865, and Amelia and Frances Prichard remained here until the turn of the century (according to Keyes, again running a boarding house in the building.) In 1899 the two sisters, generous contributors to various educational causes, donated funds to the town to establish a manual training school to teach industrial arts, domestic science, etc.

Other Prichard family relatives owned the property well into the twentieth century, with Moses' granddaughter, Mrs. Florence Hoar Bradford, (daughter of Edward and Elizabeth), still the owner in the 1930's. She was the wife of Moses Bradford [see #128 Main Street], and for many years they owned both properties. Florence Bradford died in 1946, and the building was acquired by Concord Academy in 1947, which named it after her.

BIBLIOGRAPHY, cont.

McFarland, Philip. History of Concord Academy.

Social Circle Memoirs: "Moses Prichard."

Massachusetts Historical Commission 80 Boylston Street Boston, Massachusetts 02116 Community CONCORD

Property Address
140 Main Street

Area(s)	FormNo.		
	37		

National Register of Historic Places Criteria Statement Form

do

Check all that apply:
Individually eligible Eligible only in a historic district Contributing to a potential historic district Potential historic district
Criteria: \square A \square B \square C \square D
Criteria Considerations: 🛛 A 🗆 B 🖾 C 🗆 D 🗆 E 🗆 F 🗆 G
Anne McCarthy Forbes
Statement of Significance by The criteria that are checked in the above sections must be justified here.

This building meets the criteria for individual listing on the National Register and as part of a district of large well-preserved buildings of the late eighteenth- to early nineteenth-centuries at Concord center. For its connection with the Jones family and for the role it played in the twon's development as a late-eighteenth-century farmhouse in the heart of the town center, it meets Criterion A. As an intact illustration of a transitional Georgian/Federal period house, it meets Criterion C. It possesses integrity of design, materials, and workmanship, feeling and association.



	Street Howard Hains St. Name Bradford House Original Use Present Use Present Owner Concol Academy (Ed.) Date Source of Date Ruse Architect
3. CONDITION: Excellent Good Fair Deterior	ated Moved Altered
IMPORTANCE of site to area: Great Little	None SITE endangered by
4. DESCRI	PTION
FOUNDATION/BASEMENT: High Regular Low	Material:
WALL COVER: Wood	Brick Stone Other
STORIES: 1 2 3 4 CHIMNEYS: 1 2 3 4	Center End Cluster Elaborate Irregular
ATTACHMENTS: Wings Ell Shed Dependency	Simple/Complex
	Recessed
ROOF: Ridge Gambrel Flat (Hip) Mansard Tower Cupola Dormer windows Balu	strade Grillwork
FACADE: Gable End: Front/Side Symmetric	al/Asymmetrical Simple/Complex Ornament
Entrance: Front/Side Centered Double Featu	res: pachtpotico glassed us
Windows: Spacing: Regular/Irregular Identica	res: pach portico glassed u
Corners: Plain Pilasters Quoins Obscured	wide corresboards
OUTBUILDINGS	LANDSCAPING
5. Indicate location of structure on map below	
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NOTE: Recorder should obtain written permission from Commission or sponsoring organization before using this form. (See Reverse Side)

FORM - MHCB - 10M-6-66-943017

FOR USE WITH IMPO	ORTANT STRUCTURES (In	ndicate any interior features	
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