Massachusetts Cultural Resource Information System

Scanned Record Cover Page

Inventory No: CON.53

Historic Name: Davis - Britton - Keyes House

Common Name:

Address: 267 Main St

City/Town: Concord

Village/Neighborhood: Concord Center

Local No: G9-785 Year Constructed: c 1820

Architect(s):

Architectural Style(s): Greek Revival

Use(s): Single Family Dwelling House

Significance: Architecture

Area(s): CON.DU: Main Street Historic District

Designation(s): Local Historic District (03/12/1962)

Roof: Asphalt Shingle

Building Materials(s): Wall: Wood; Wood Clapboard

Foundation: Granite; Stone, Cut; Stone, Uncut



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Commonwealth of Massachusetts
Massachusetts Historical Commission
220 Morrissey Boulevard, Boston, Massachusetts 02125
www.sec.state.ma.us/mhc

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LHD - 3/12/62

FORM B - BU	JILDING
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Assessor's number

USGS Quad

Arca(s)

Form Number

Massachusetts Historical Commission 80 Boylston Street Boston, Massachusetts 02116

G9-785

CONCORD

CONCORD Town

Place (neighborhood or village)_

267 Main Street

Davis/Britton Cottage Keyes Cottage dwelling

Concord Center

dwelling ginal

pnstruction ____ca. 1820

Wheeler

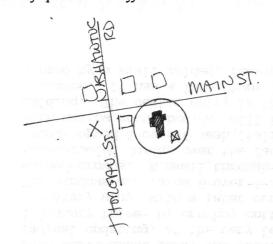
Greek Revival

unknown Builder

Saterial:

Sketch Map

Draw a map of the area indicating properties within it. Number each property for which individual inventory forms have been completed. Label streets including route numbers, if any. Attach a separate sheet if space is not sufficient here. Indicate North.



Seed at Post 1	Anne Forbes			
Recorded by	research by Helen Roach			
The pane	for Concord Hist. Commission			
Organization	35			

June, 1992 Date (month/day/year)

Foundation	dressed granite
Wall/Trim	wood clapboard
Poof	asphalt shingle

Outbuildings/Secondary Structures _____ 2-car garage

Major Alterations (with dates)_____ 20th C.: 1-story ell on east and west

ends.

Condition excellent

Moved ☑ no ☐ yes Date N/A

Acreage less than one acre

Setting In area of large Georgian, Federal, and Greek Revival residences on south side of Main St. High board fence and modern stone retaining wall at west.

ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION

| see continuation sheet Describe architectural features. Evaluate the characteristics of this building in terms of other buildings within the community.

This house is one of the smallest of the many early-nineteenth-century houses built on Main Street at Concord Center. Although Ruth Wheeler surmises that it must have been built about 1820, the presence of considerable Greek Revival detail suggests a radical updating, at the very least, took place several years later. It is a l 1/2-story three- by one-bay cottage with a pair of rear interior chimneys. A two-story wing, with a later cross-gabled section at the end, extends to the rear. The windows are large 6-over-6-sash, with molded surrounds; those on the facade have molded crowns. A small through-cornice dormer is situated on the east end. A later pitch-roofed dormer over the facade has a wide, deep roof overhang and a round-topped 6-over-6-sash Italianate window. The trim here is extremely simple, with narrow cornerboards, sill board, and an unboxed cornice trimmed with an echinus molding. The center entry is through a narrow "porch" or projecting lobby entrance. It has a later two-light glass-and-panel door and a plain surround, topped by a small molded, recessed pediment.

HISTORICAL NARRATIVE see continuation sheet Discuss the history of the building. Explain its associations with local (or state) history. Include uses of the building, and the role(s) the owners/occupants played within the community.

Both this building and the house next door at #255 Main Street were apparently built for Josiah Davis, (see #186 Main Street,) who purchased both lots in 1819. He failed in business in 1837, and in 1845 the property was acquired by the Concord Bank, which sold this cottage to Joel Britton (see #310 Main Street.) Having made considerable money providing wood for the railroad ties of the Fitchburg Railroad, be built a grand residence at #310 Main Street, and as evidenced by his purchase of this house, must have dabbled in real estate as well. He was also a blacksmith, and responsible for the iron railing on the west side of the steps at the First Parish Church, which is marked with his name. In 1848 Joel Britton, too, became insolvent, and the cottage was acquired by Daniel Shattuck, who owned considerable property at the center at one time or another.

According to Keyes, Col. Shattuck sold the house in 1870 to Frederick Hudson. Mr. Hudson, who had been editor of the New York Herald during the Civil War, lived across the street at the house formerly on the lot at #252 Main Street, and probably rented out this cottage. (Cont.)

BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES | see continuation sheet

1830, 1852, 1856, ca. 1871, 1875, 1889, 1893, 1906; Sanborns from Maps, atlases: 1909.

Keyes/Tolman.

Town directories and tax files.

Richardson, Concord Chronicle.

Wheeler House file #M15.

Social Circle Memoirs, II, 98, and VI, 37.
Moss. Thoreaus Surveys in the Concord War any...

Recommended for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. If checked, you must attach a completed National Register Criteria Statement form.

INVENTORY FORM CONTINUATION SHEET

Community

Property

CONCORD

Davis/Keyes cottage

Massachusetts Historical Commission 80 Boylston Street Boston, Massachusetts 02116

Area(s) Form No.

53

HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE, cont.

He died in 1875, and both properties were apparently inherited by his son, attorney Woodward Hudson, who built himself a new house at #252. He "fitted up" #267 for his gardener, then later let it out to tenants, including George Tolman, and a family named Frost.

In about 1881 Hudson sold this property to Prescott Keyes. Prescott Keyes (later Judge Keyes,) married Alice Reynolds, daughter of Dr. Grindall Reynolds, pastor of the First Parish Church, who lived across the street at #276 Main Street. The Keyes lived here during the early years of their marriage, before moving to Mrs. Keyes' father's house in 1895. They retained ownership of the cottage for many years afterward, however. According to Keyes/Tolman, when the Keyes acquired the house they made several alterations and additions, including converting a shed into a kitchen, and opening up the fireplaces. After they moved to #276 in 1895, the cottage was again rented out, among the tenants were a Mrs. Gay and Dorothy Reynolds Roberts, Mrs. Keyes' niece, and her two children.

Mrs. Roberts moved to Lowell Road in 1929; the house was later purchased by David Baldwin (see #107 Westford Road,) who was a member of the first faculty of the Middlesex School.

Massachusetts Historical Commission 80 Boylston Street Boston, Massachusetts 02116 Community

Property Address 267 Main Street

Area(s)	FormNo.
	53

National Register of Historic Places Criteria Statement Form

do

Check all that apply:		
	☐ Eligible <u>only</u> in a historic district tial historic district ☐ Potential historic district	
Criteria: ⊠ A □ B	⊠ C □ D	
Criteria Considerations:	\square A \square B \square C \square D \square E \square F \square G	
	Anne McCarthy Forbes	
Statement of Sig	gnificance by	

This house meets the criteria for both individual listing on the National Register as part of a district of large well-preserved buildings of the late eighteenth—to nineteenth—centuries at Concord center. For its association with store—keeper and d real—estate investor Josiah Davis, with Blacksmith Joel Britton, and as the first home of prominent Judge Prescott Keyes, it meets Criterion A. For its role in the development of Concord center as the only true cottage on the stylish lower section of Main Street, it meets Criterion C. It possesses integrity of design, setting, location, materials, and workmanship, feeling and association.