United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For MCRS use only received DEC 27 1982 date entered

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	ie				
historic Cole	nel Roger, Brown, Ho	ouse (prefe r	red)		
and/or common	Lot Conant of 1	775 House			
2. Loca	724	A AMERICA			
street & number	1694 Main St ree	et-			N/A not for publication
city, town Con	cord	_N/A/i	cinity of	4	
state MA	co	ode 025	county	Middlesex	code 017
3. Clas	sification				
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X private both Public Acquisition N/Ain process being considered	Accessib	upied n progress le	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:
7. OWII	er of Prope	er cy			
name Gail	Reitzel				
street & number	3931 Tynewick	Drive			
city, town Si	lver Spring	N/A vi	cinity of	state	Maryland
5. Loca	ation of Leg	gal Des	criptic	on	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. So	outh Middles	ex Regist	ery of Deeds	
street & number	40 Thorndike St	reet		70	
city, town Caml	bridge			state	М
125 12-2	resentation	in Exi	sting	Surveys	
Inventory	y of Historic Asse Onwealth of MA #12	ts of 9	has this pro	operty been determined	elegible? yes _X_ no
date November	, 1977			federal _χ_ st	ate county local
depository for su	irvey records Mass	achusetts H	istorical	Commission	
city, town Bos	ston			state	MA

7. D	escription	Colonel Roger	Brown House, Con	cord. MA
ConditioexceX goodfair	llent deteriorated	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one X original site moved date	N/A

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Colonel Roger Brown House sits on a landscaped 4 acre site at the corner of Main Street and Pond Lane (part of the original road from Concord to Lancaster) in a business zoned area of Concord near the Assabet River. It is adjacent to the Damon Mill (NR) with which its early history is closely associated.

The house was constructed to its present form in 1775. Although not firmly documented, local tradition holds that an earlier house on the site was rebuilt during that year. This is substantiated by certain architectural features; however, the configuration of the structure prior to 1775 is not known.

The house is 2½ stories tall with a central chimney, symmetrical five-bay facade and a rectangular (28'8'' x 36'8'') four room plan. A fieldstone foundation, partially exposed, supports the structure. The exterior is sheathed with painted clapboards, framed by an undecorated cornice and corner boards. The gable roof is of asphalt shingles and the rectangular stuccoed chimney is offset from the ridge pole towards the front. The symmetrical main facade is dominated by an enclosed entry pavillion with side windows, a pedimented gable roof, corner boards, and pilasters at either side of the panelled entry door. All the windows in the building contain 6/6 double hung sash. The lower front and rear, and all end windows, are capped with a heavy, but simple projecting moulding.

The full basement contains an unusual chimney brick vaulted foundation. Off each corner is a brick pier for hearth support on the first floor. The chimney consists of 2 side-by-side flues separated today by small bathrooms that rejoin in the attic and curve to avoid the ridge pole.

The first floor contains larger front rooms with doors off the front entry pavillion and stairwell. Each has a brick fireplace and hearth set in a full panelled wall; the remaining 3 walls are pine feathered panelling to the wainscot chair-rail. The panelling of these two rooms and the front entry and stairwell is in excellent condition. The wall partition which separated the rear two smaller rooms has been removed to form a larger kitchen/dining area.

The second floor also has the typical four corner room layout. The two larger front rooms contain well preserved wainscot panelling. Lath and plaster walls and ceilings with boxed beams and gunstock corner posts are in good condition.

The attic is unfinished, displaying hand hewn and pegged rafter beams, purlins and jacks. To date, no archaeological resources have been identified associated with the house, although the potential for their existence should not be discounted. Included within the present property bounds is a one-story below grade studio building (c. 1960), well screened by siting and landscaping.

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2	Significance	
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Colonel Roger Brown House, Concord, MA

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	heck and justify below community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlemer X industry invention	landscape architecture law literature X military music philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1775	Builder/Architect	Unknown	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Colonel Roger Brown House retains integrity of location, setting, materials, work-manship, feeling, association, and design since 1775. The building is distinguished architecturally, combining features both typical and unusual of late 18th century houses in the area which may indicate a pre-1775 original construction date. Its primary significance, however, lies in its association with persons of local industrial and military importance throughout its history. The house therefore meets Criteria A, B, and C of the National Register of Historic Places.

In the late 1600's the property was associated with a small grist mill located most likely to the rear of the present Damon Mill (NR) near the site of a c.1660 bog iron works. The owner/operator of the mill built his house on or near the site of the present house. In 1715 the property, including the mills, passed from The George Hayward estate to the Conant family who owned it for several subsequent generations. The Conant family had migrated westward from Salem, Massachusetts and were grand-and great-grand-sons of Roger Conant, the puritan founder of Salem. They were farmers, running small grist mills and sawmills in the Concord area. Conant remains a prominent name in Concord, although their early recorded history in the town is sparse.

Roger Brown, the son of William Brown of Framingham, a fulling mill operator, and Elizabeth Conant of Concord, was born in Framingham in 1749. By the mid-1770's, Roger Brown owned the Conant house and a portion of the Mill property in Concord (perhaps his mother's inheritance). Local tradition refers to the house as the "1775 House", as carpenters constructing or rebuilding the structure to its present configuration took arms at the Concord Bridge on April 18 of that year. Roger was, at that time, a member of Captain Cleasons' Framingham Minutemen and was recorded by roll on April 19, 1775 as Corporal Roger Brown. He served for ten days. In 1776, Roger Brown joined Captain Joseph Hosmer's Light Infantry Co. and later that year was drafted by Captain Hubbard's Concord Infantry. Apparently, he had then settled in Concord in his completed house. Roger Brown prospered as a farmer and textile miller, increasing his land holdings in Concord over the years. He married a Hartwell from Lincoln in 1779.

In the early 19th century, John Brown, born 1783 to Roger Brown, inherited the property. With his cousin, Ephraim Hartwell of New Hampshire, he purchased the remaining Conant Mill property in 1808. As partners, they erected a five-story wood frame cotton spinning mill on the site of the present Damon Mill (NR). This marked a change in industrial focus from providing a support service for local agriculture to commercial production on an expanded scale, although apparently with limited success. At about the same time, John Brown built his own house nearby and married Sarah Sogswell, grand daughter of William Dawes.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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Continuation sheet Colonel Roger Brown House

Item number

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Five years later Hartwell sold a third share to his uncle, Ephraim Bellows, who, four years later, bought out four-fifths of John Brown's interest. Bellows took the mill operation into more prosperity for a time, but business fell off in the 1820's. Despite a lawsuit by John Brown against Bellows to regain control of the mill that was later won, the property was sold. Thus ended the Brown Family's relation to the mill which subsequently burned in 1862 and was replaced by the Damon Mill (NR).

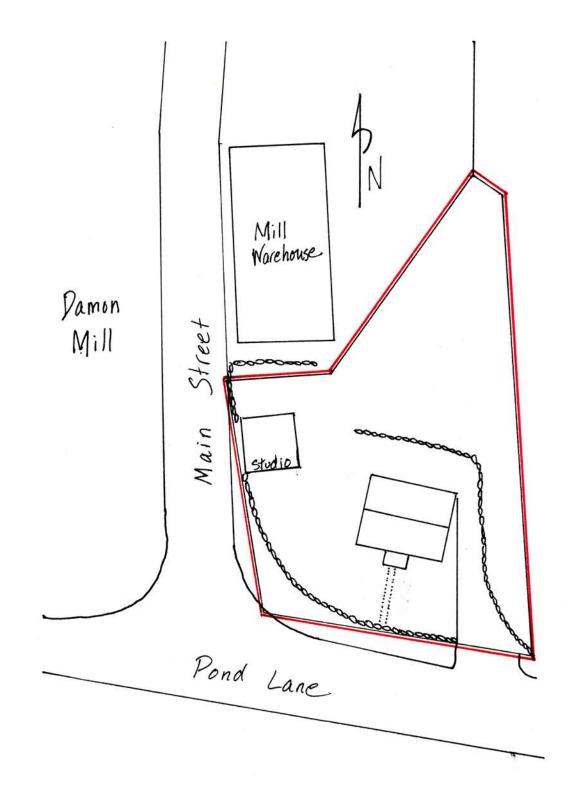
As homestead to Roger Brown and birthplace to John Brown, the property was home to two significant citizen soldier carriers. Following his involvement at Concord on April 19, 1775, Roger Brown returned in 1786 as Captain of a company to suppress "Shay's Rebellion". Captain Brown quelled insurrections in Cambridge and communities throughout western Massachusetts which had been generated by general dissatisfaction with the fledgling Federal Government. Following Shay's Rebellion, he was elevated to the rank of Colonel. During the War of 1812, Lt. John Brown participated in holding Dorchester Heights against the British.

Architecture:

Although tradition ascribes a 1775 construction date to the house, evidence for an early to mid 18th century date is fairly strong and includes: projecting window mouldings; the longitudinal, side-by-side chimney flue arrangement; and the design of the entry porch. The porch resembles a form found on early houses in Concord itself, and elsewhere in Middlesex County (Concord, John Bull House c.1753 and Peter Bulkely Esq. House 1667, both NR; Cambridge, Hooper-Lee-Nichols House c.1685) (NR). The two room deep central chimney interior floor plan with fireplaces in the front rooms is fairly uncommon. More typical plans of the late 18th century consist of five rooms around. a central chimney or a four room plan with central hallway and twin chimneys. Possibly, the house was originally one room deep and enlarged to its more substantial, high style appearance as a reflection of settlement growth in Concord.

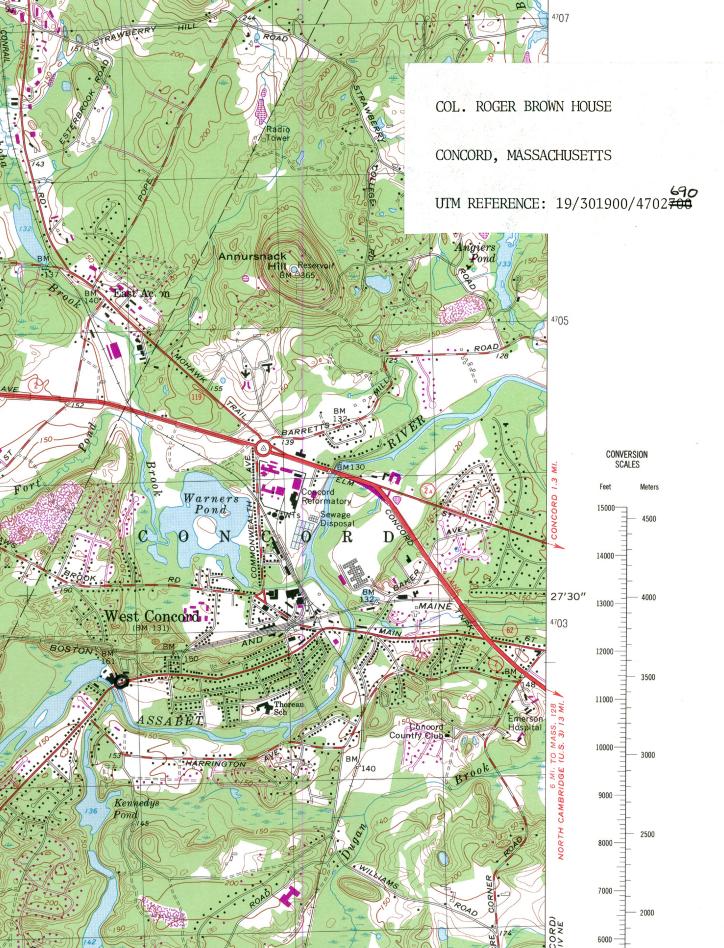
9. Major Bibliographi	cal References
Biography of Roger Conant; Middlese Co.; Brown Family Geneology, Brown; Village, paper by Chas. Hammond.	ex Co. Registery of Deeds; Hurd, History of Middlesex Corinthian Lodge, Biographies of Past Members, Factory
10. Geographical Dat	a
Acreage of nominated property 1/4	
Quadrangle name Maynard, MA	Quadrangle scale 1:25000
UMT References	
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G	H
frontage its side runs north to a prear brick warehouse structure, para retaining wall along Pond Lane (inc	on From the most easterly point of the property's coint; thence southwesterly to a point 10' off the 11el to that westerly to intersection with stone 11uding the 20 year old 400 s.f. 1-story below grade overlapping state or county boundaries studio building); coss the frontage to the easterly point. These boundaries county code
lines.	X 2000
state N/A code	county code
11. Form Prepared By	<i>y</i>
name/title Virginia Adams, Program As	sistant with William H. Sullivan, General Partner
organization _{Massachusetts} Historical C	Mill Square Partnership
street & number 294 Washington Street	telephone 727-8470
city or town Boston	state , MA
VOLKAZA OZNAKOM MINI DEL MINISTER MINISTER AND NEW MINISTER	eservation Officer Certification
AND THE PARTY OF T	
The evaluated significance of this property within	
national state	∑ local
665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion	icer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– n in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated by the Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service.
State Historic Preservation Officer signature \sqrt{g}	Merie Ann Jalmace
title Executive Director, Massachuset	ts Historical Commission date DC 15,1982
For HCRS use only	
I hereby certify that this property is included	d in the National Register Enforced In the
Selouspyen	National Register date //27/83
Keeper of the National Register	
Attest:	date

Chief of Registration



Col. Roger Brown House 1694 Main Street Concord Middlesex County, MA

Sketch Map scale: 1" = 20" approx. date: February 1981 source: Damonmill Square Partnership





1. Northeasterly view from south side of Main Street of Col. Roger Brown House, 1694 Main Street. (Photograph: David Rhubi, October 1980)